2009 JUN 30 AM 8: 23



BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

460005 List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

Foxuer th Water & Sewer Public Water Supply Name

confid	Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer lence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Pleas	e Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	 ☐ Advertisement in local paper ☐ On water bills ☐ Other
	Date customers were informed://
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/
DD/	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: Columbian Projects
	Name of Newspaper: Columbian Projects Date Published: 6/25/09
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: 4/2509
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERT	TIFICATION
the for consist Depart	by certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is sent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State ment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
Name	Title (President, Mayor, Owher, Etc.) 6-25-09 Date
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

Foxworth Water & Sewer Assn 6-29-05 Copies of CCP have been posted of the Foxworth Post office & the library in Columbia

Hong 7 Den

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF MARION

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned Notary Public, in and for the County and state aforesaid, **Jeni Blanton** who being by me and duly sworn, states on oath that she is Legal Clerk of the Columbian-Progress a newspaper published in the City of Columbia, State and County, aforesaid, and that the publication of the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, has been made in said paper

hereto attac	hed, has s), as fol		de in said	paper
In Vol. 107	No.	_Date_	day of	2009
In Vol. 107	No	_Date	day of	2009
In Vol. 107	No	_Date	day of	2009
In Vol. 107	No	_Date	day of	2009
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THIS IS NOT A STATEMENT

THURSDAY June 25, 2009

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2008 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Foxworth Water & Sewer Association PWS#: 0460005 June 2009

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quali-

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Series and Catahoula Formation Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report contamination on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Foxworth Water & Sewer Association have received a lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Todd Dixon at 601-736-7424. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of each month at 6:00 PM at the water office.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2008. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2008, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, if dissolves naturally occurring or result from unhanning materials and can plok up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activi

we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level- the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

tem must rollow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single report in \$10.000.

penny in \$10,000

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000

				TESTR	***************************************	Wasterty Latter Contractors			
Contempant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG		MCI.	Likely Source of Contemination
Inorganie	Contar	ninants							
10. Banum	N	2005*	.018	005 - 016	mqq	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
13. Chromlum	N	2006*	2	1-2	data	100		Discharge from steel and pulp mills: erosion of natural deposits	
14. Сордег	2	2008	.6	0	mqq	1.3	AL#1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing aystems; ernalon of natural deposits; leaching from wood prezervatives	
17. Lead	N	2008	3	0	ppb	0	AL×15		
Disinfectio	ın By-P	roducts	1						
62. TTHM [Total Idistomethanes]	TN I	2007*	9	No Renge	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water onlorination.	
Shlorine	N	2008	1.2	.70 1.2	ppm	300 O	MDRL = 4	Water additive	igad to control

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. Beginning January 1, 2004, the Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary disinfectant to monitorities for chlorine residuals as required by the Stage 1 Disinfection By-Products Rule. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacterial orders a sampling that showed no colliform present, in an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements.

rine residuals as required by the Stage 1 Disinfection By-Products Rule. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewaterflead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested. to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contamination of some contaminants are presented to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. inants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised

persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPAICDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

*A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING***

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supply completed to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline, however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Foxworth Water & Sewer Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.